

The gluon PDF: from LHC heavy quark production to neutrino astrophysics



Juan Rojo

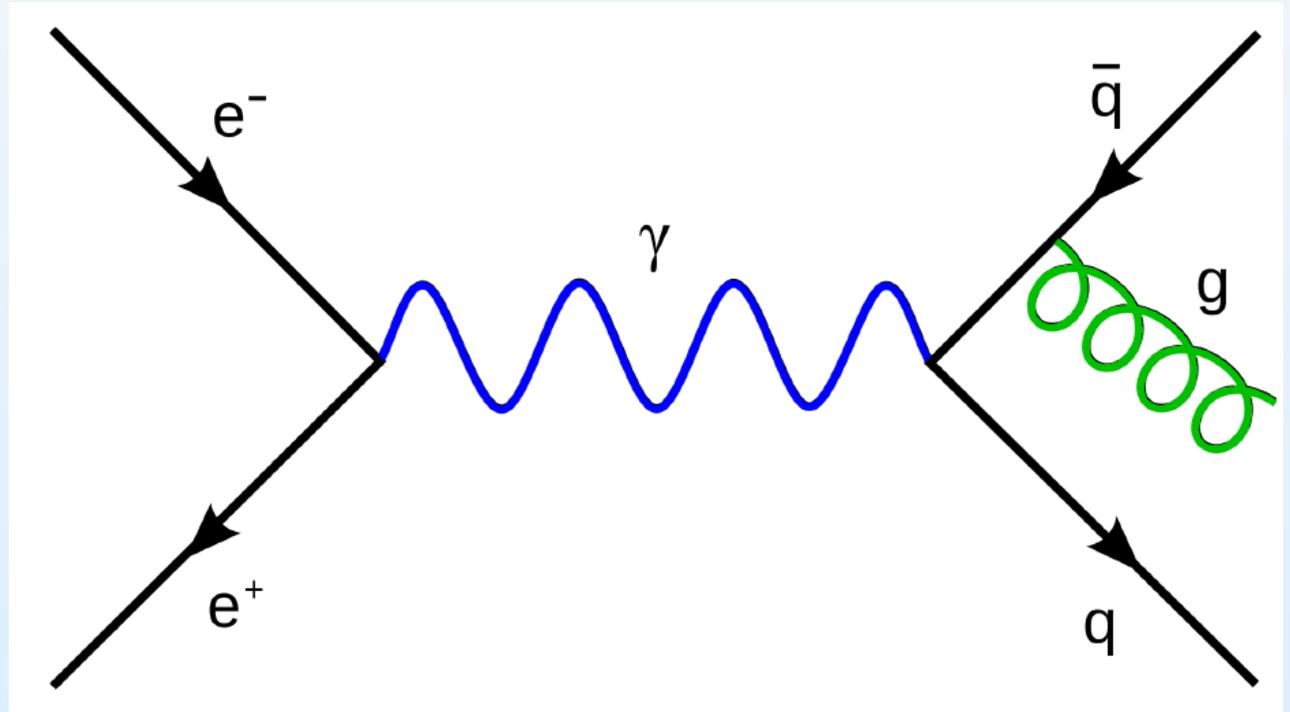
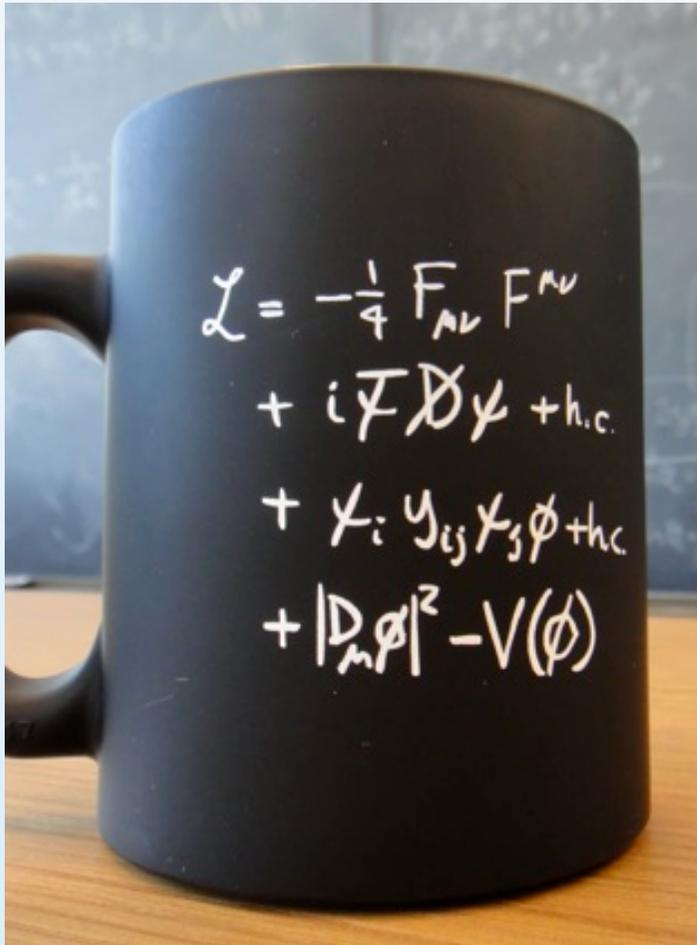
VU Amsterdam & Theory group, Nikhef

Nikhef Jamboree 2016

Groningen, 13/12/2016

Lepton vs Hadron Colliders

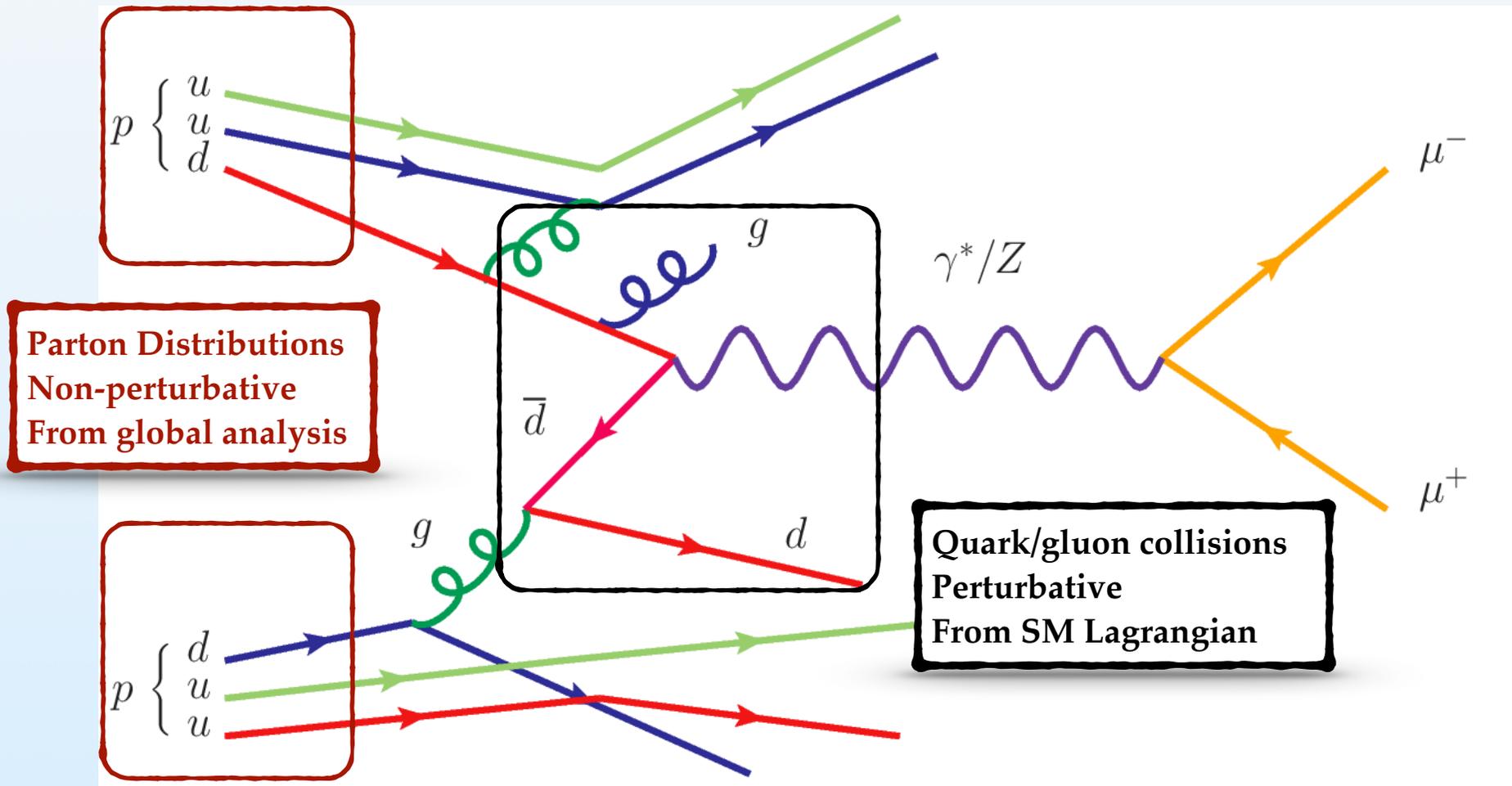
High-energy **lepton colliders** such as LEP involve **elementary particles** without substructure



Cross-sections in lepton colliders can be computed in perturbation theory using the **Feynman rules of the Standard Model Lagrangian**

Lepton vs Hadron Colliders

In high-energy **hadron colliders**, such as the LHC, the collisions involve **composite particles** (protons) with **internal structure** (quarks and gluons)



Calculations of **cross-sections** in hadron collisions require the combination of **perturbative, quark/gluon-initiated processes**, and **non-perturbative, parton distributions**, information

Parton Distributions

The distribution of energy that **quarks and gluons carry inside the proton** is quantified by the **Parton Distribution Functions (PDFs)**

$$g(x, Q)$$

Q: Energy of the quark/gluon collision
Inverse of the resolution length

$g(x, Q)$: Probability of finding a gluon inside a proton, carrying a fraction x of the proton momentum, when probed with energy Q

x : Fraction of the proton's momentum

PDFs are determined by non-perturbative QCD dynamics, cannot be computed from first principles, and need to be extracted from experimental data with a global analysis

🔗 **Energy conservation**

$$\int_0^1 dx \left(g(x, Q) + \sum_q q(x, Q) \right) = 1$$

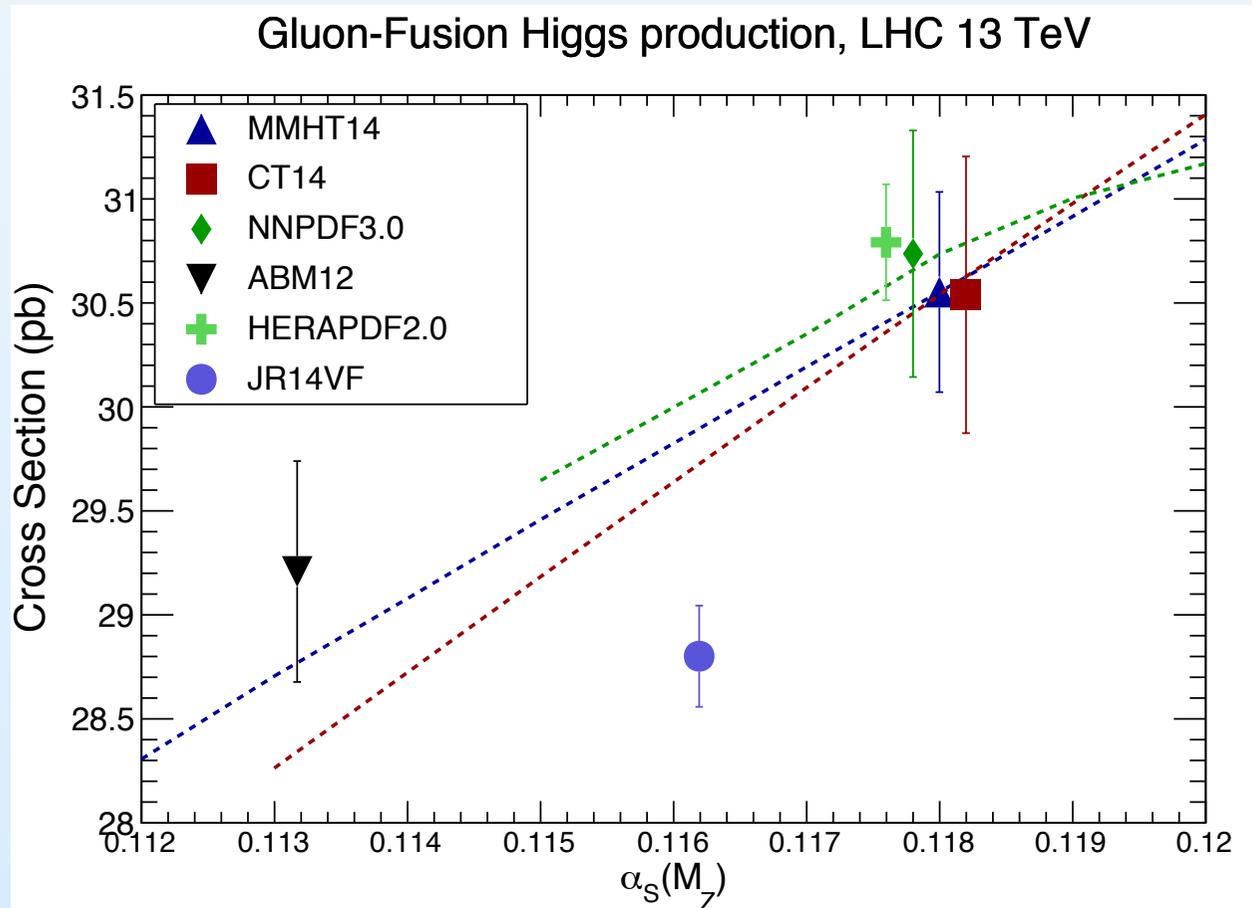
🔗 **Dependence with quark/gluon collision energy Q determined in perturbation theory**

$$\frac{\partial g(x, Q)}{\partial \ln Q} = P_g(\alpha_s) \otimes g(x, Q) + P_q(\alpha_s) \otimes q(x, Q)$$

PDFs and LHC phenomenology

Uncertainties from Parton Distributions are one of the limiting factors of theory predictions of Higgs production, degrading the exploration of the Higgs sector

$$\sigma_{exp} = \mu_{bsm} \cdot \sigma_{SM} = \mu_{bsm} \cdot \sigma_{gg \rightarrow h} \cdot g(x_1, m_h) \cdot g(x_2, m_h)$$

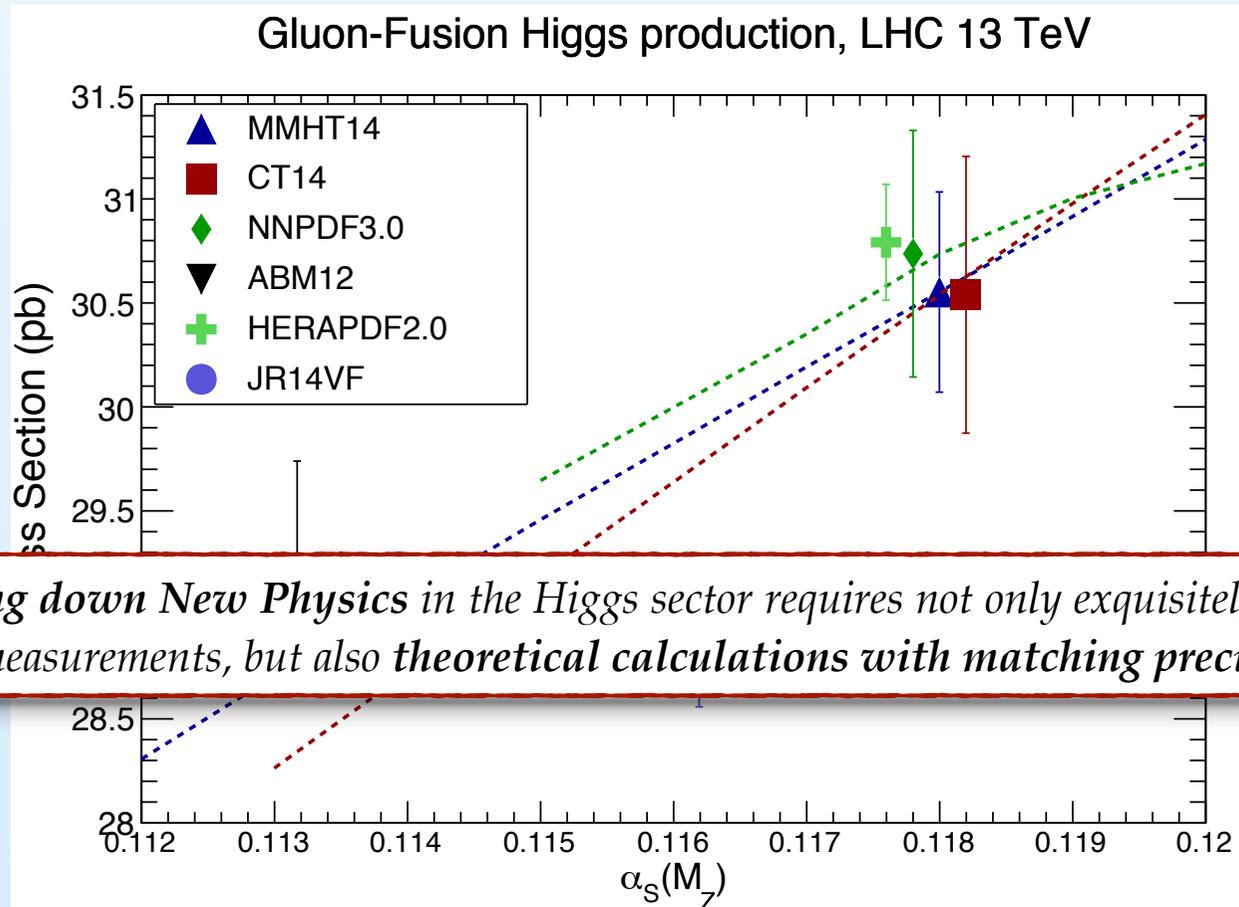


Higgs Cross-Section Working Group Yellow Report 4, 16

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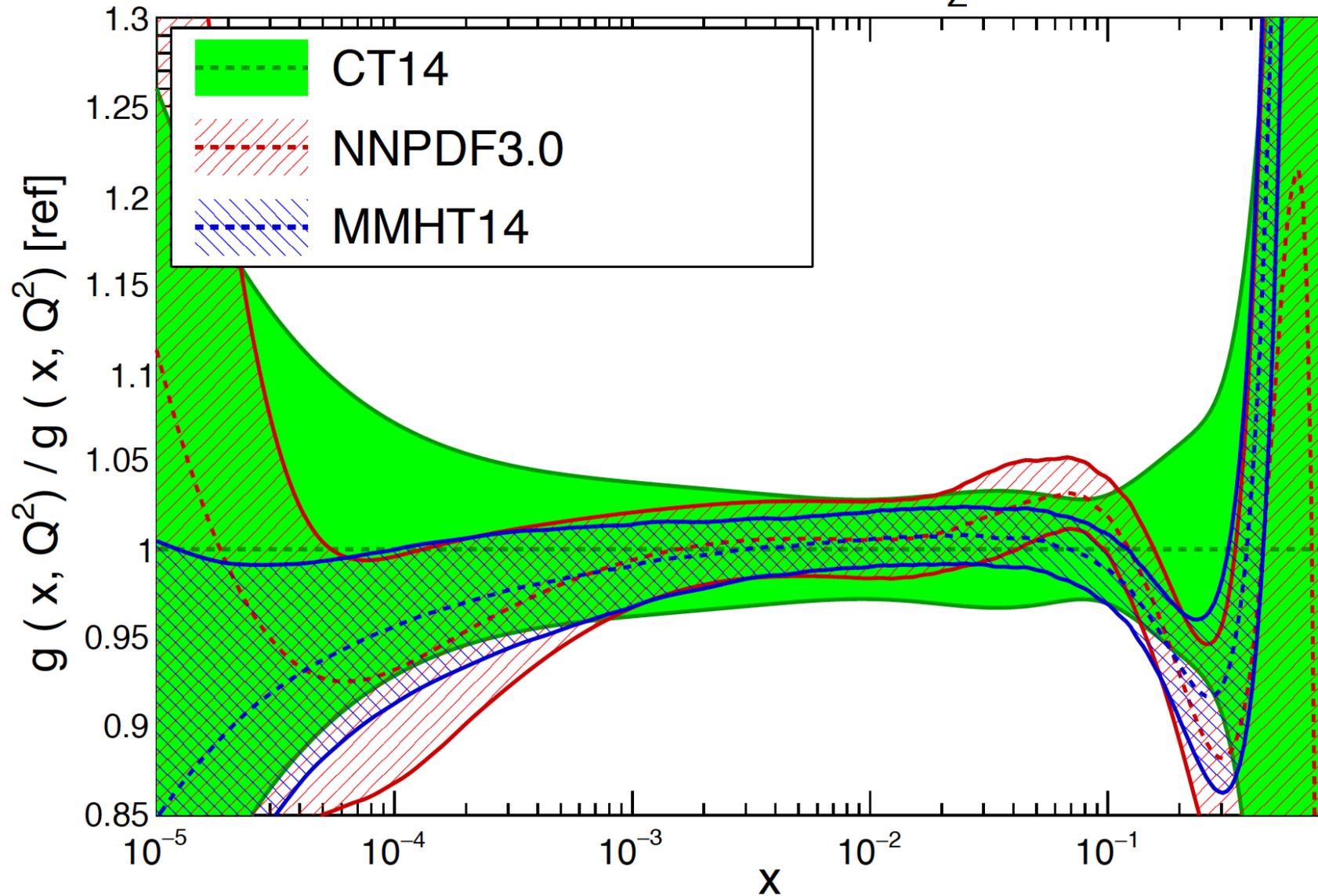


Pinning down New Physics in the Higgs sector requires not only exquisitely precise LHC measurements, but also theoretical calculations with matching precision

Higgs Cross-Section Working Group Yellow Report 4, 16

One glue to bind them all

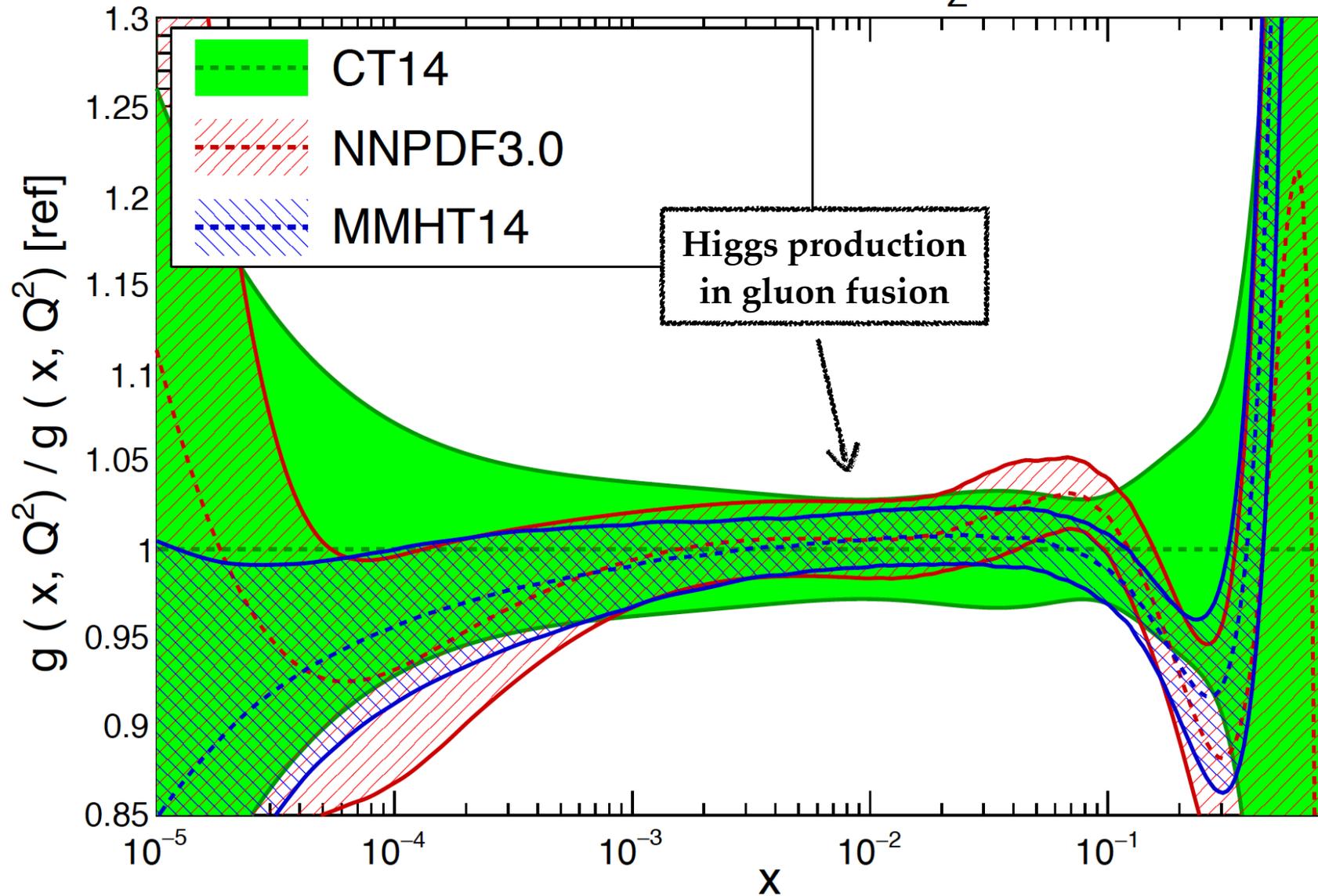
NNLO, $Q^2=100 \text{ GeV}^2$, $\alpha_S(M_Z)=0.118$



A family portrait of the gluon, circa 2015

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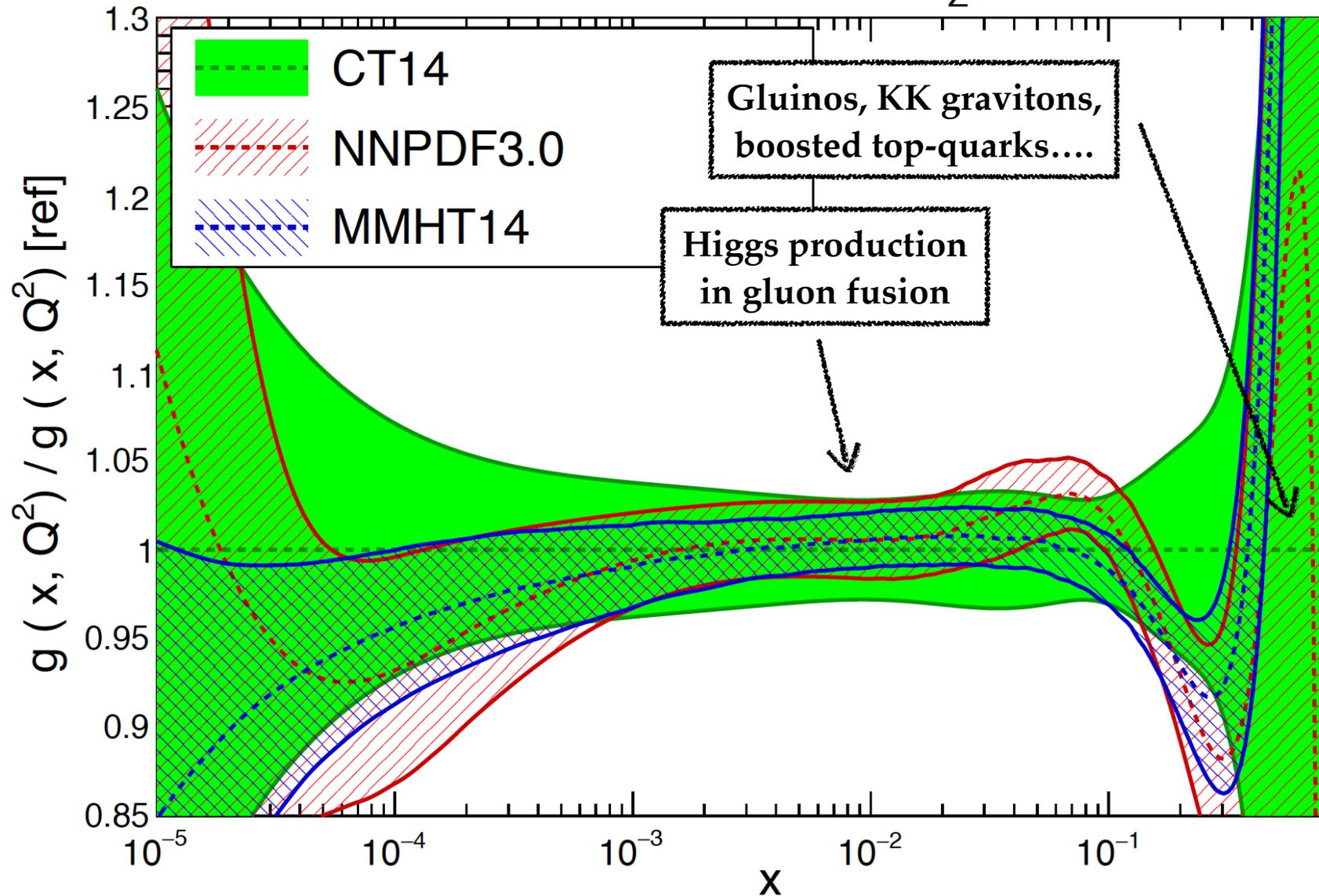
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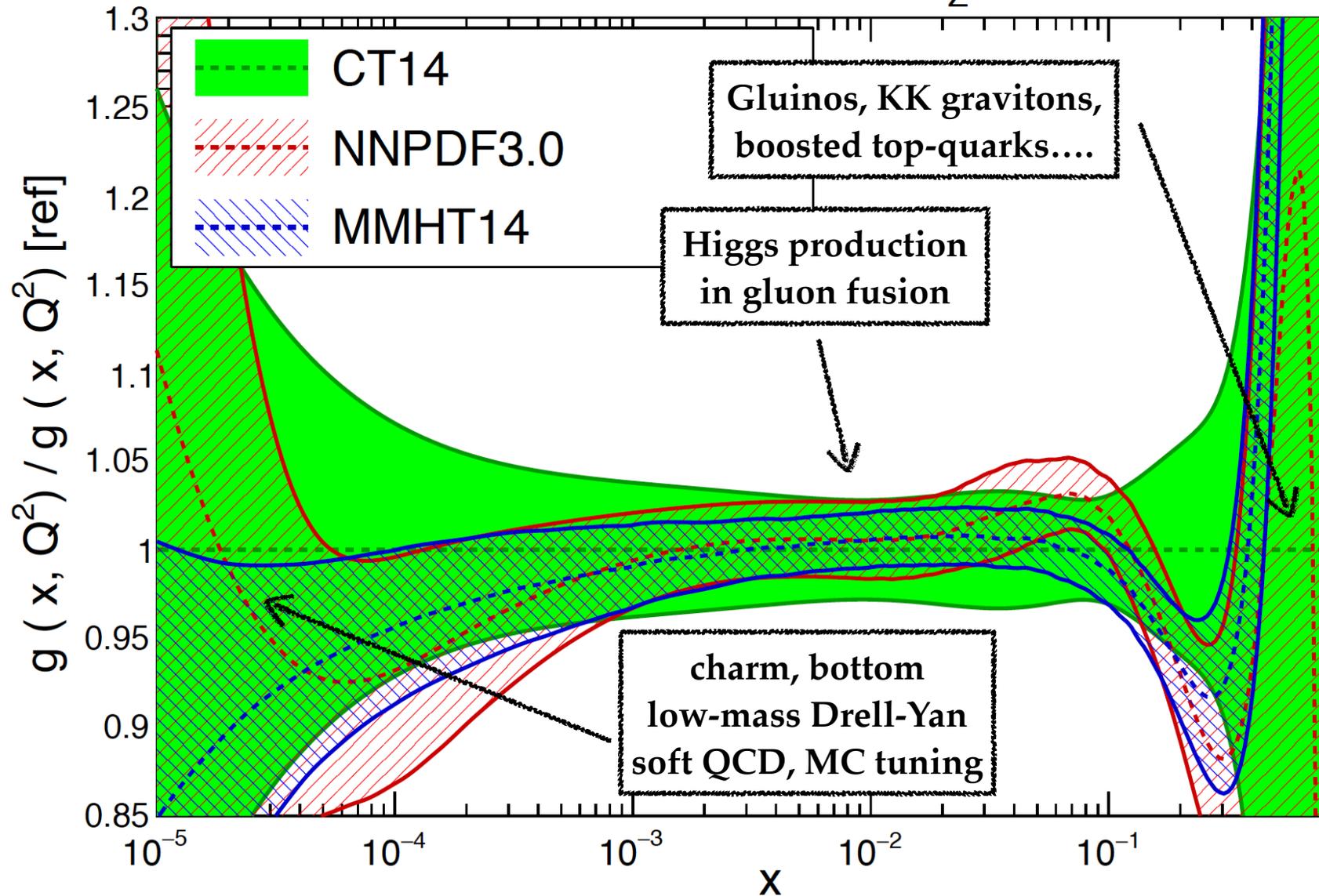
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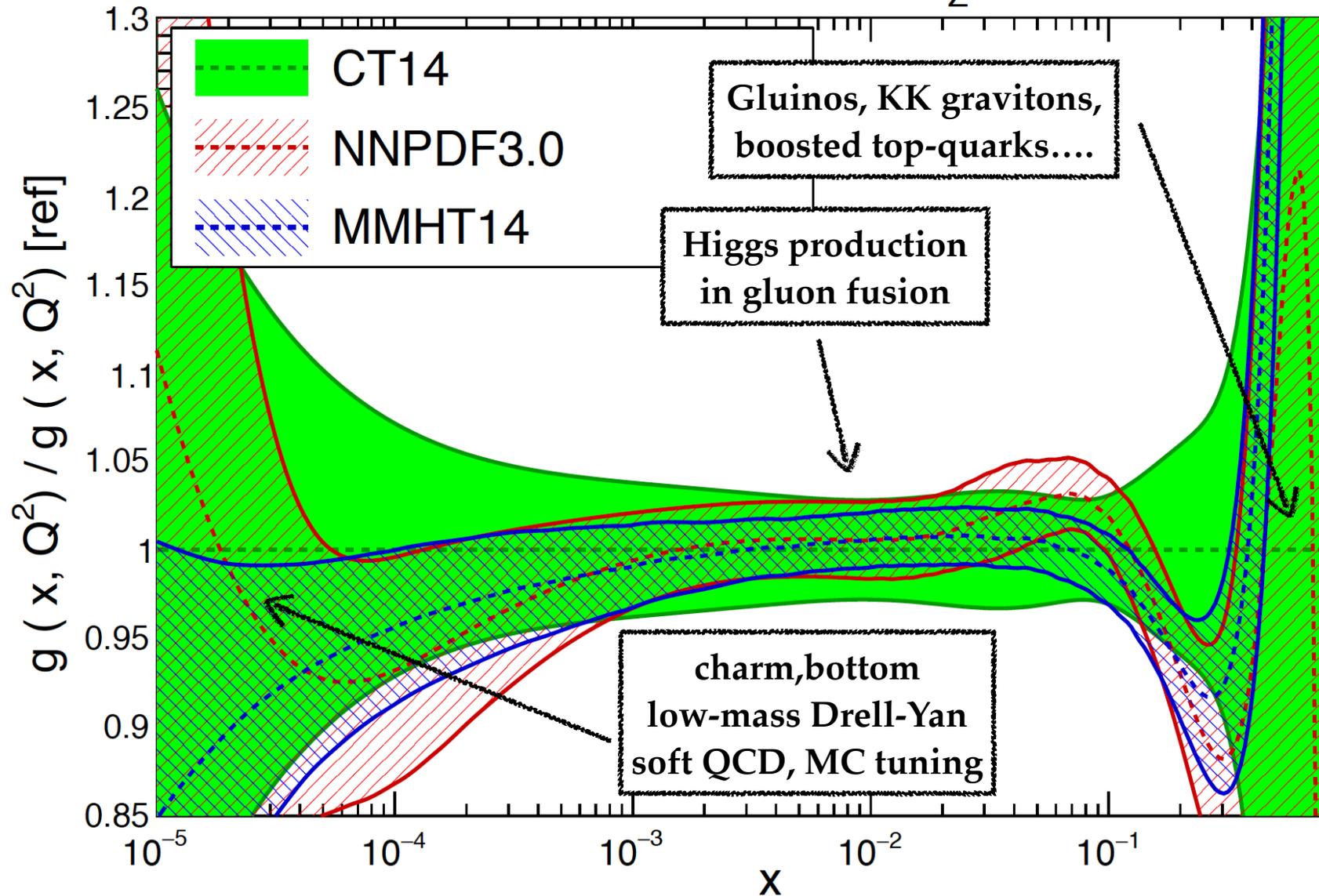
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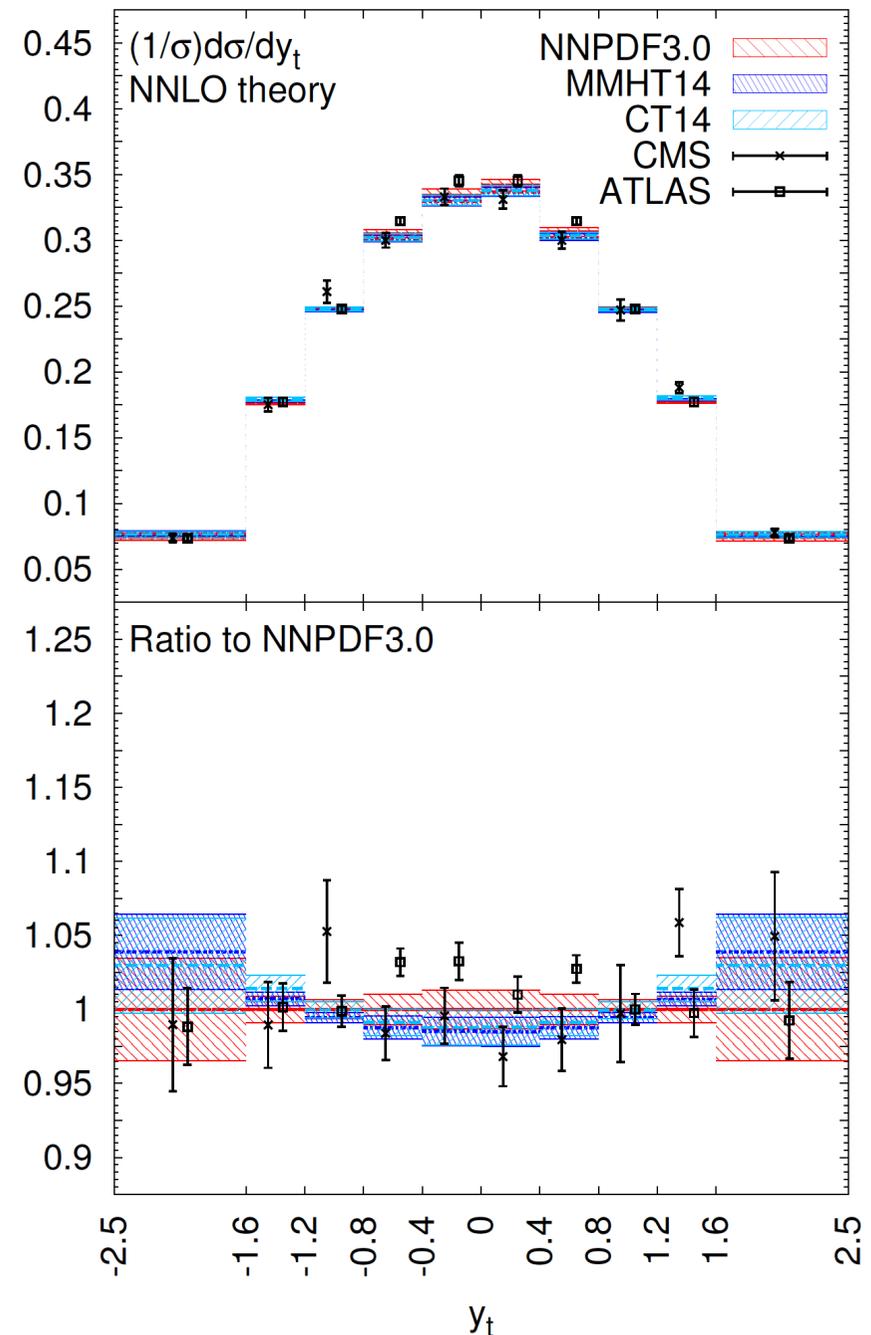
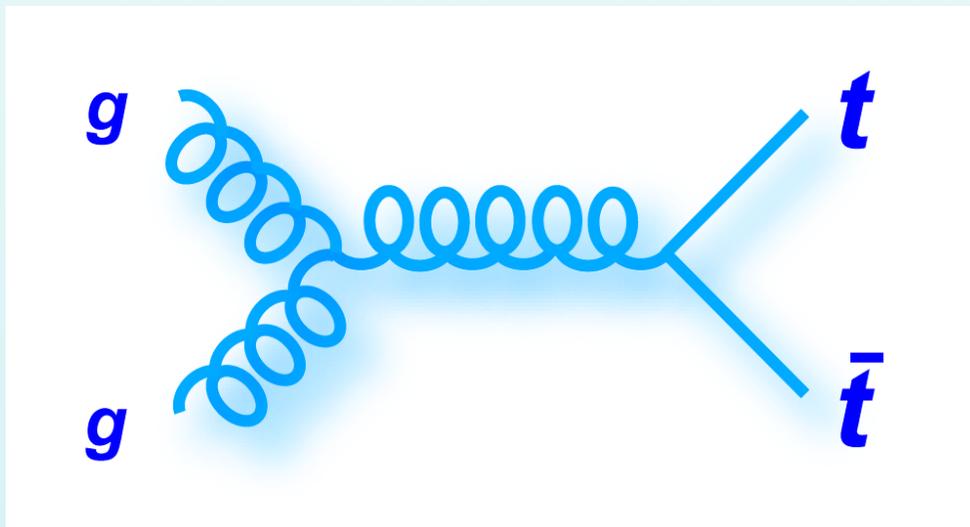


Exploit PDF-sensitive LHC measurements to constrain the gluon from small to large-x!

The large-x gluon from top-quark production

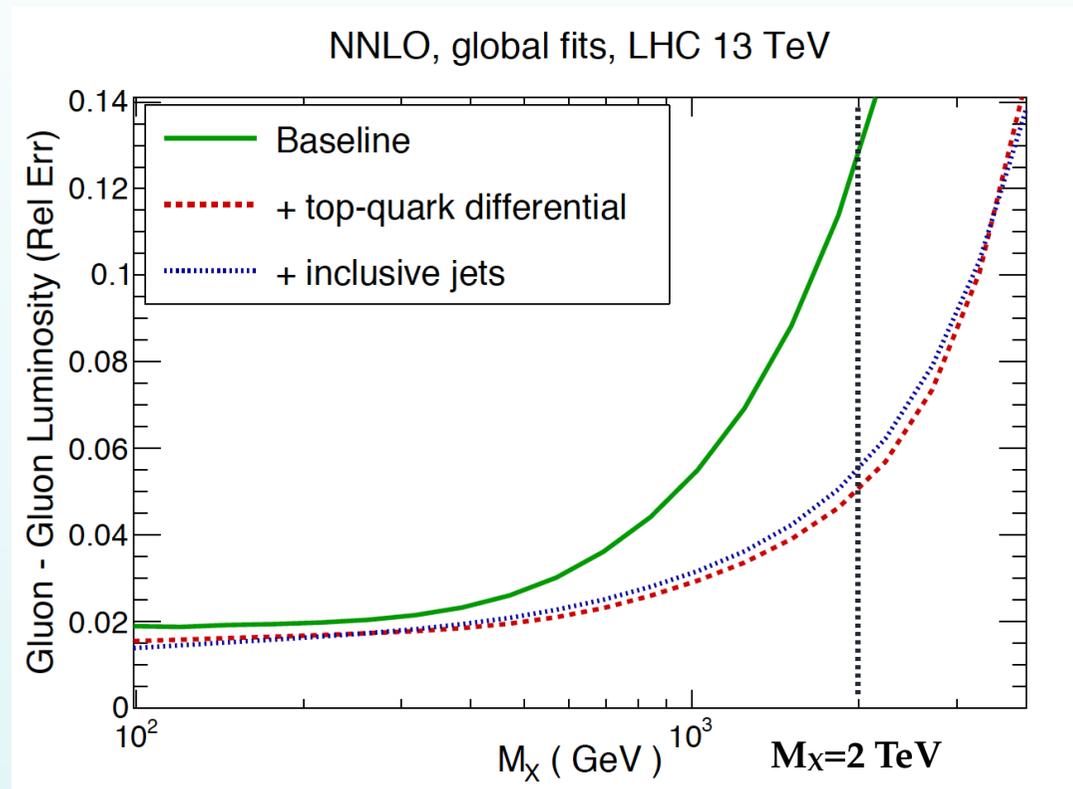
- Top-quark pair production driven by the **gluon-gluon luminosity**
- NNLO** calculations for stable top quarks available (with decays in the pipeline)
- Recent **precision data from ATLAS and CMS at 8 TeV** with full breakdown of statistical and systematic uncertainties
- For the first time, included ATLAS+CMS 8 TeV differential top measurements into the **global PDF fit**

Czakon, Hartland, Mitov, Nocera, Rojo 16



The large-x gluon from top-quark production

$$\Phi_{ij}(M_X^2) = \frac{1}{s} \int_{\tau}^1 \frac{dx_1}{x_1} f_i(x_1, M_X^2) f_j(\tau/x_1, M_X^2)$$



📍 Significant reduction of PDF uncertainties in **gluon-gluon luminosity at high invariant masses** (from large-x gluon). For $M_X = 2$ TeV, improvement from $\approx 13\%$ to $\approx 5\%$

📍 **Constraints from top differential data** in global fit comparable to those from **inclusive jets**, despite much fewer data points: $N_{\text{dat}} = 17$ for top vs $N_{\text{dat}} = 470$ for jets

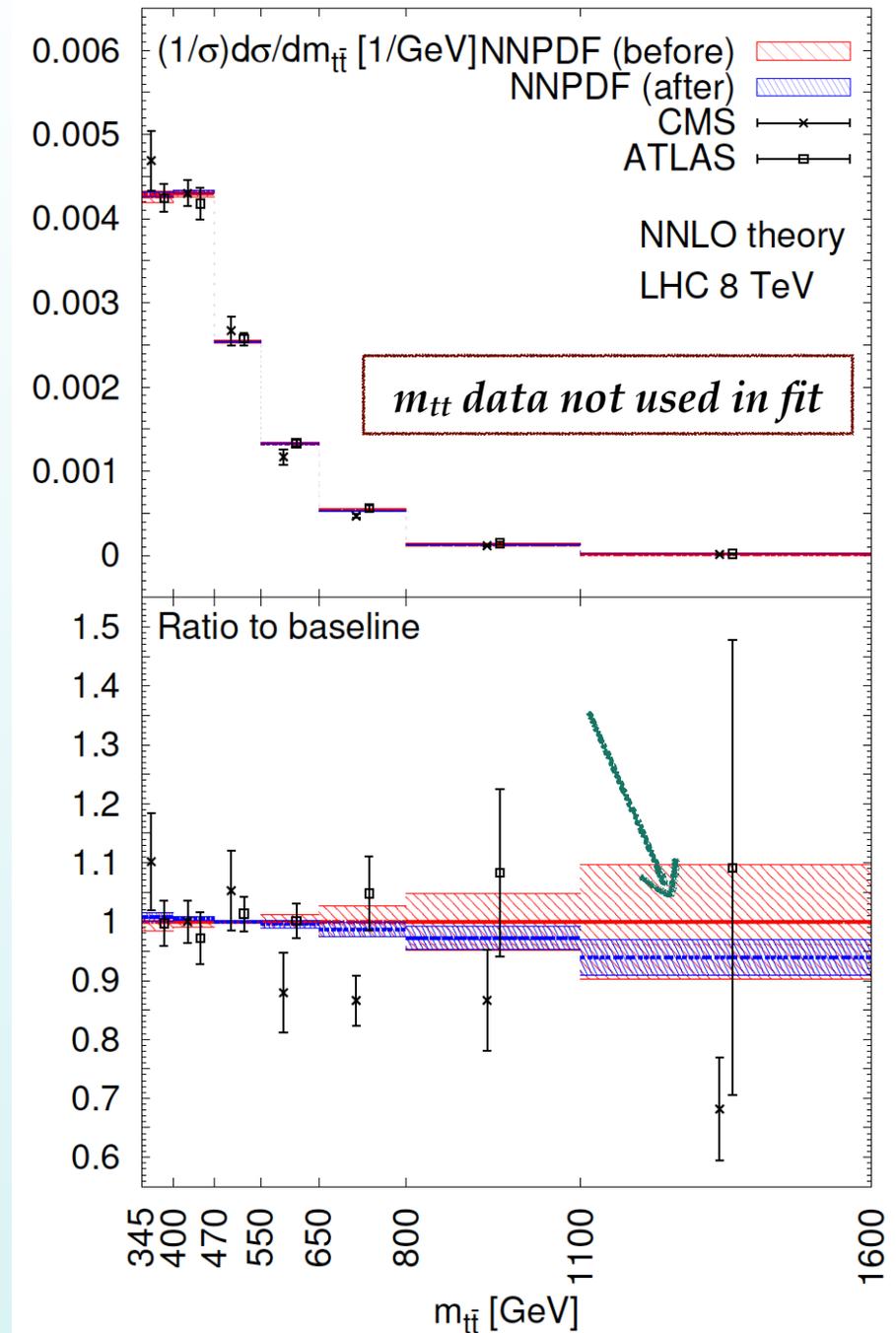
The large-x gluon from top-quark production

PDF uncertainties reduced by more than a factor two for $m_{t\bar{t}} \gtrsim 500$ GeV

Our choice of fitted distributions, y_t and $y_{t\bar{t}}$, reduces the risk of *BSM contamination* (kinematical suppression of resonances), which might show up instead in $m_{t\bar{t}}$ and p_T^t , where PDF uncertainties are now much smaller

Self-consistent program to use top data to provide better theory predictions

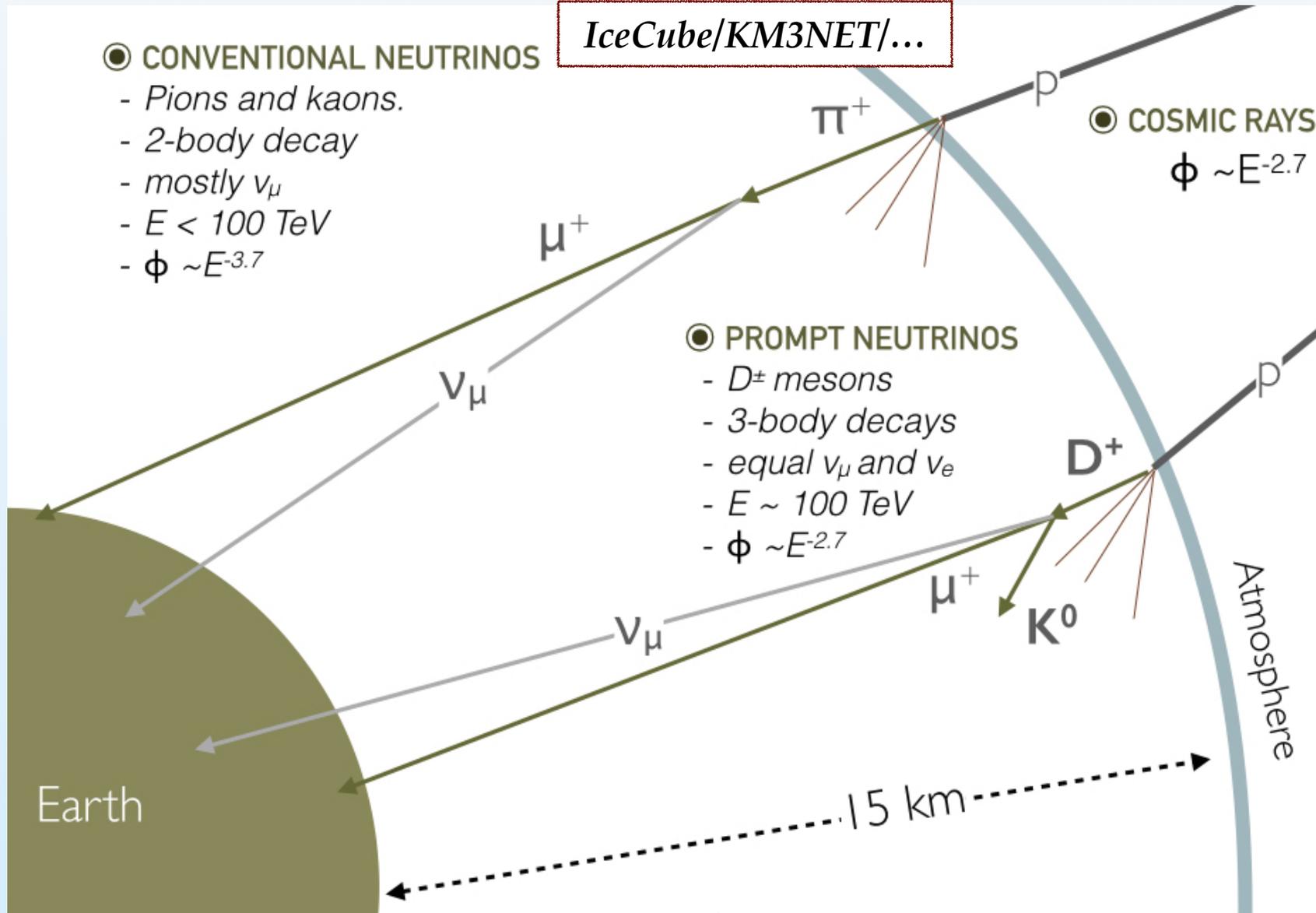
Improved sensitivity to BSM dynamics with top-quark final states!



The prompt flux at neutrino telescopes

Observation of Ultra-High Energy (UHE) neutrino events heralds start of **Neutrino Astronomy**

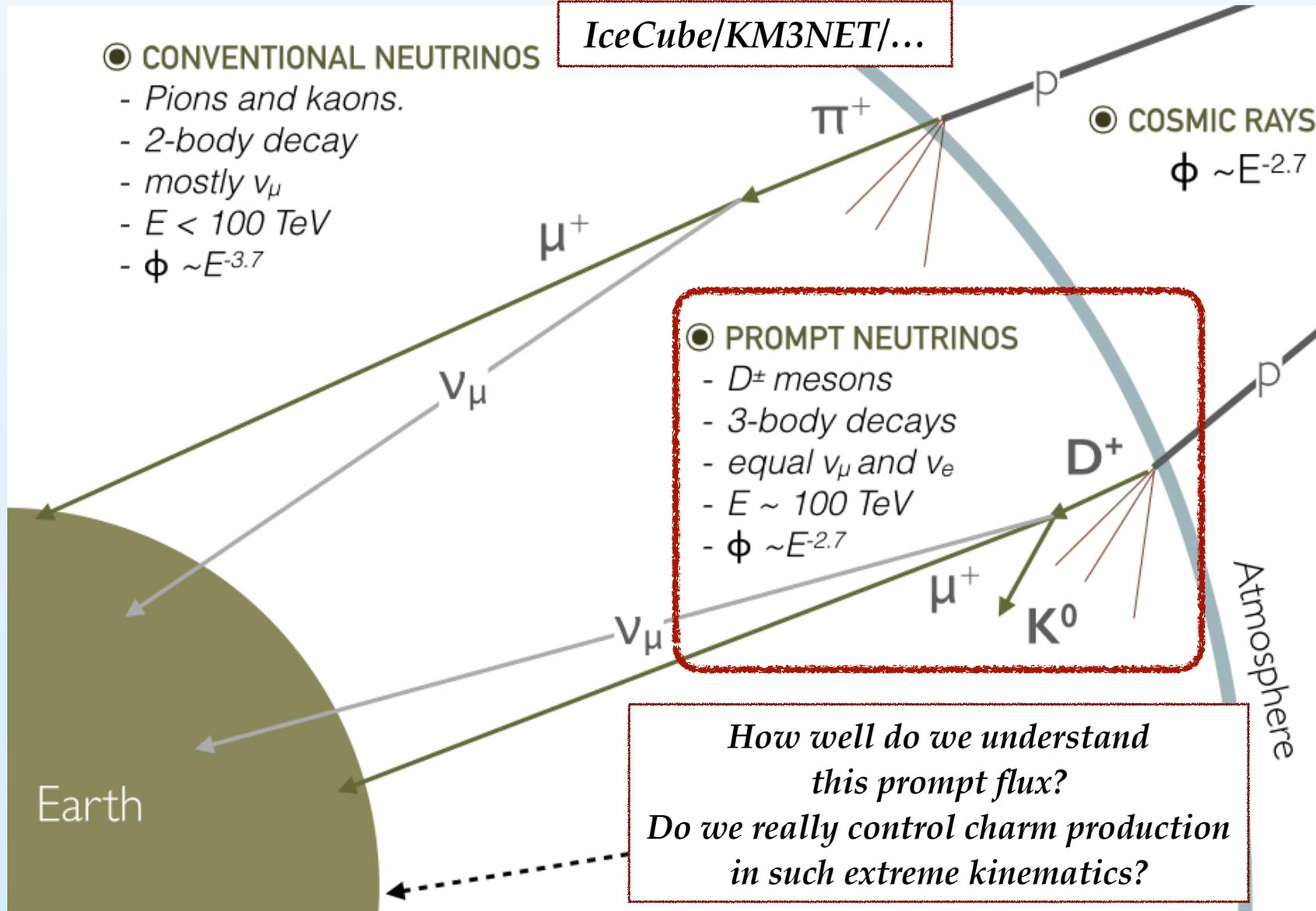
New window to the Universe, but interpretation of UHE data requires **control over backgrounds**



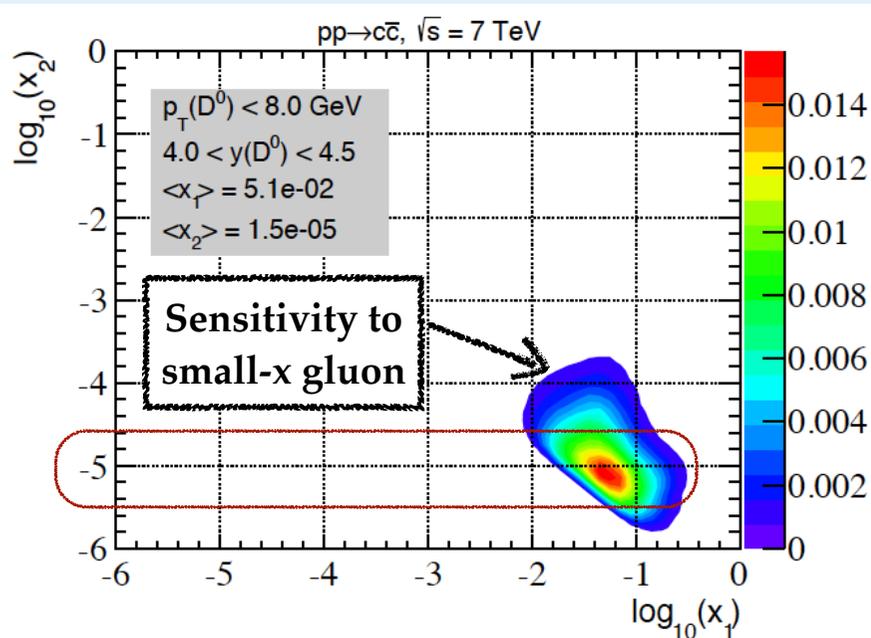
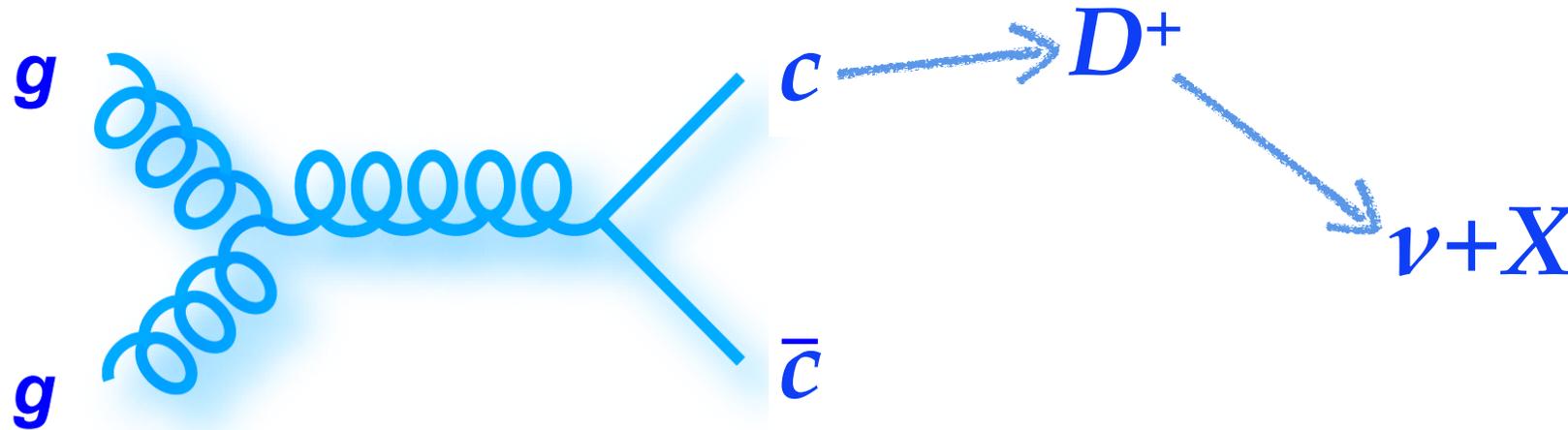
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The low-x gluon from charm production



$$\text{Lab frame } E_{lab} = (2m_p E_{CR})^{1/2}$$

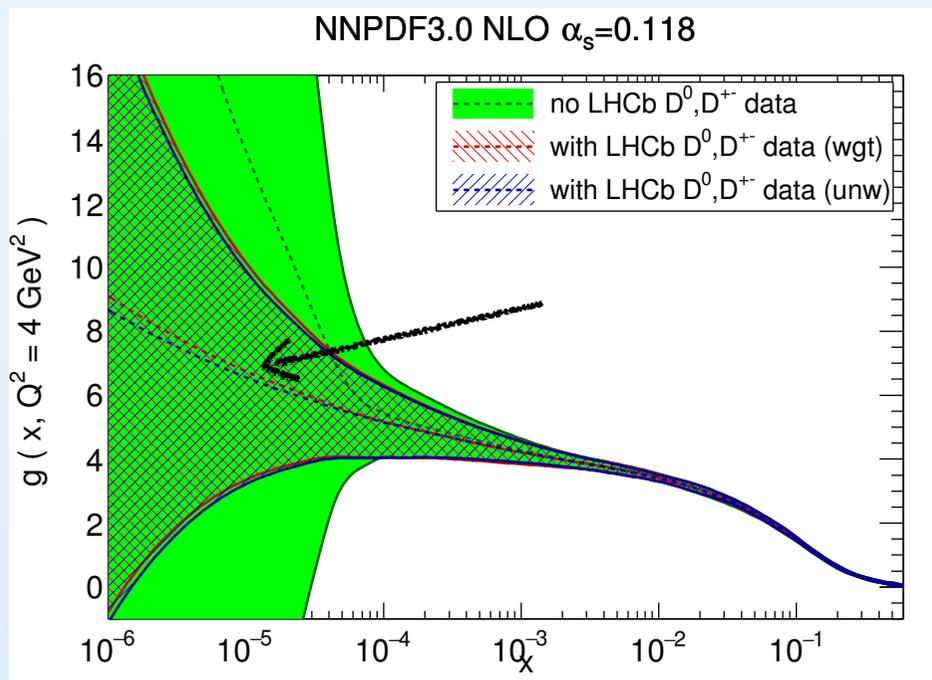
$$E_{CR} = 100 \text{ PeV} \rightarrow E_{lab} \approx 14 \text{ TeV}$$

Overlap kinematics between charm production in UHE cosmic rays and at the LHC

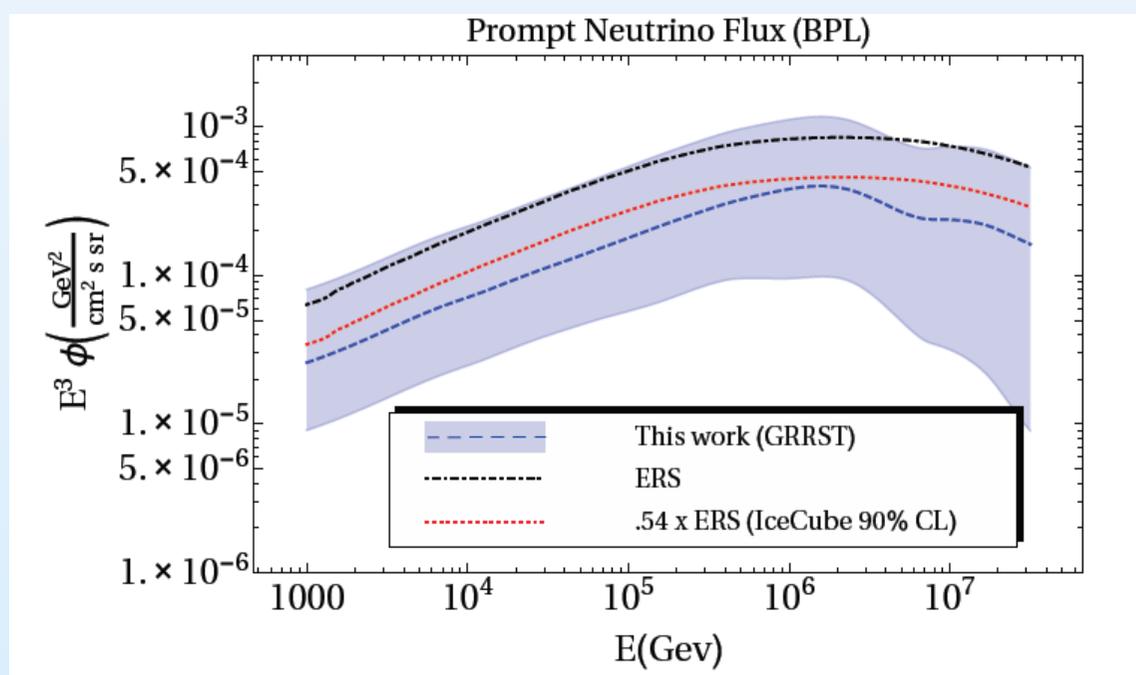
The low-x gluon from charm production

Strategy: use LHC data to provide state-of-the-art predictions for backgrounds at neutrino telescopes

- ☑ Include 7 TeV LHCb forward charm production data in the global fit
- ☑ Validate perturbative QCD calculations on collider data, and constrain the small-x gluon
- ☑ Compute optimised predictions for prompt neutrino fluxes at high energies



Gauld, Rojo, Rottoli, Talbert 15



Gauld, Rojo, Rottoli, Sarkar, Talbert 15

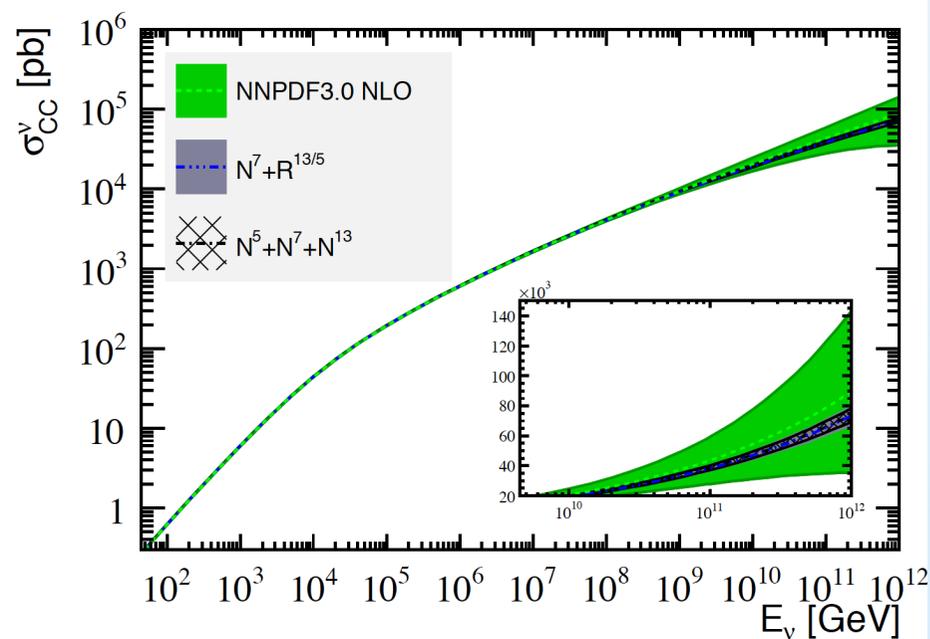
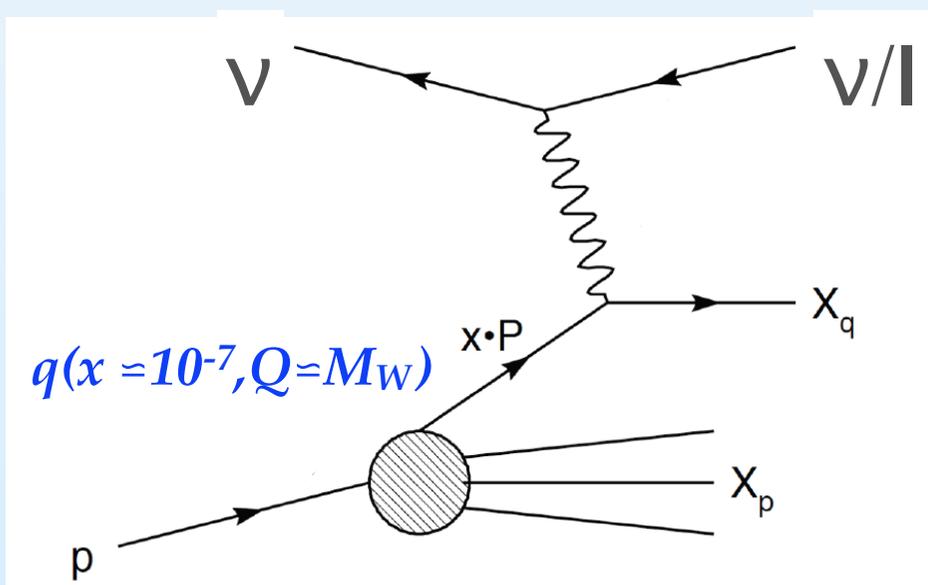
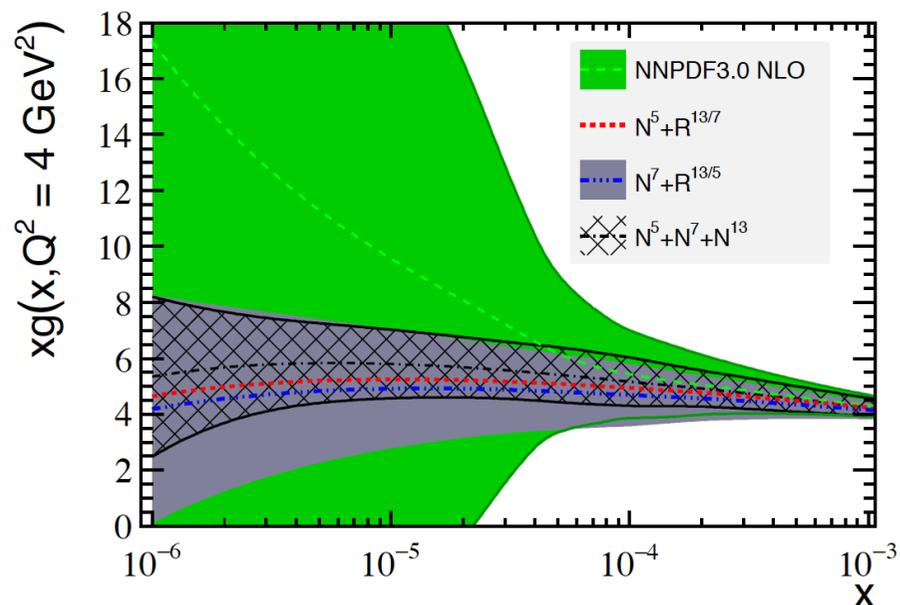
We predict that detection of the prompt neutrino flux should be within reach

UHE neutrino-nucleus cross-sections

Updated analysis combining LHCb 5 TeV and 13 TeV with 7 TeV leads to a reduction of gluon PDF errors by an order of magnitude at $x=10^{-6}$

Gauld, Rojo 16

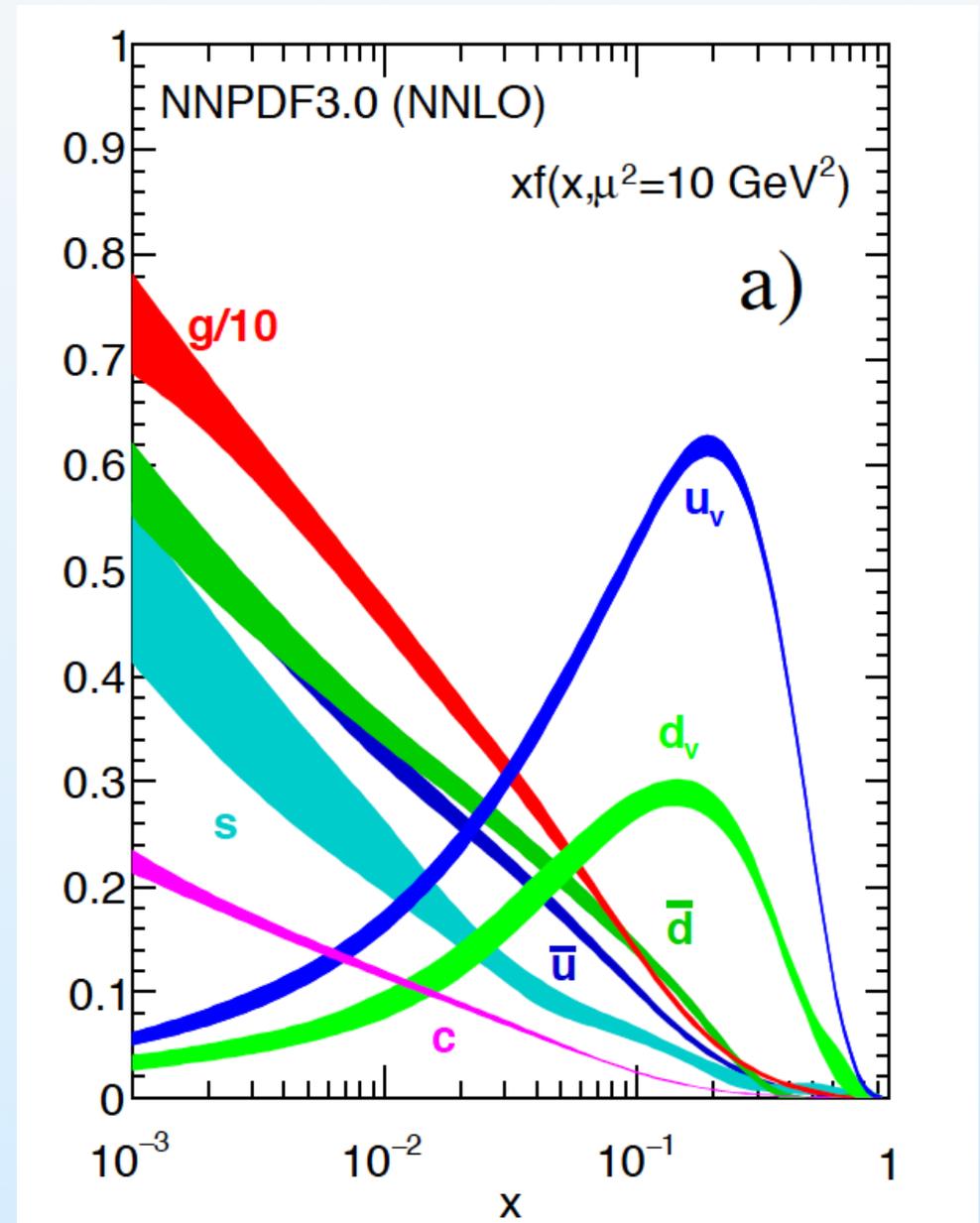
High-precision QCD predictions of **neutrino-nucleus cross-section up to 10^6 PeV** (low- x sea quarks driven by gluon through DGLAP evolution)



Precision studies of **extreme QCD** with IceCube/KM3NET: the ultimate DIS experiments!

PDFs from BSM searches to astrophysics

- **Parton Distributions** are an essential requirement for **LHC phenomenology**
- Important for **precision SM measurements** (like M_W), characterisation of **Higgs sector**, Monte Carlo event generators, and also for many **BSM searches**
- Recent years have seen a **revolution in global PDF analyses**: PDFs with LHC data, PDFs with QED corrections, PDFs with all-order resummations, PDFs tailored for neutrino telescopes, model-independent intrinsic charm fits,



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